

Speare Code Editor The Small Ruby, mruby and Rails IDE for Ruby Development

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Speare (http://sevenuc.com/en/Speare.html) is an ultra lightweight code editor and a small IDE that has an efficient code navigation and call routines tracing ability, and has integrated debugging environment for C, C++, Ruby, mruby and Ruby on Rails. It was originally developed to providing a native scripting language debugging environment that seamlessly integrated with C and C++. It not only has very concise user interface but also has a very flexible architecture to easily add a new programming language code runner, parser, syntax highlighting, code formatter and debugger in it.

For general Speare code editor usage, please refer this document: <u>http://sevenuc.com/download/Speare_quick_reference.pdf</u>

Debug Mode

- 1. Show the debug toolbar
- Click siding bottom button.

2. Debug toolbar



From left to right, Start, Stop, Step Into, Step Out, Run To, Step Over, Show Watches.

The "Step Over" is equals to "Step next", and "Step To" is equals to "Continue" in common debugging words, and the "Step To" is the command that tell the debugger run to meet a breakpoint or an exception occurred or the program meet exit.

On the rightmost there are three other function units, they are, search items in the stackview, siding stackview, and clean the debug output.

Search in the debug output

Click in the output area and use the shortcut key "Control + F" to do the searching.

3. Socket Port

You can set the socket communication port number both used by Debug Server and the Speare code editor. Open the Preferences of Speare and select the "Debug Settings" tab then input your number.

Note: Please remember to empty the port number when you switched to debugging with the default builtin programming languages with default port number.

4. Watches

Watches used to evaluate variable or expression and their values can be realtime showing in stackview when debugging session paused, the nodes normally has a green colour and always placed on the top of stackview.

Caution:

a. Please ensure all source files have been dragged in the left side Treeview (Workspace Explorer) before start a debug session, because macOS app can't be allowed to access files outside of its sandbox.

b. When your source code file moved to another folder, you must drag the source code folder in Speare again then the debugging can correctly work.

C and C++ Debugger

The C and C++ debugger of Speare code editor implemented as a script client of LLDB (http://lldb.llvm.org/), and supports extend it by yourself. The builtin module supports parsing modern C++ source code files including C++11 and C++14 syntax, e.g namespace, anonymous function, structure, union, class, enum etc and so many new features of the C++ programming language. You can enjoy debugging almost any type of C and C++ applications under the lightweight debugging environment of Speare code editor.

Start Debugging Steps:

1. Download Speare Debug Server: → <u>http://sevenuc.com/download/c_debugger.tar.gz</u> (10KB)

The source code of the C and C++ debugger can be view online here: <u>https://github.com/chengdu/Speare</u> or here: <u>https://sourceforge.net/projects/speare</u>

2. Uncompress the tarball:

Uncompress it to your local directory. e.g \sim /Desktop and take a look at the readme.txt in it.

3. Start the debug server:

Please refer the readme.txt file.

4. Debug session start:

click "Start" button on the debug toolbar of Speare code editor. Add breakpoint, step in, step out, step next, watch stack trace ...

5. Run extra commands:

Right click in the stackview (bottom left side) and then input any <u>lldb</u> command when the debugging session paused. Left click anywhere outside of the input box to close it and the command will be directly send to the debug server.

a. Add function breakpoints

. breakpoint set --name functioname: add a C function breakpoint.

. breakpoint set --name classname:: functioname: add a C++ function breakpoint.

b. Process operation

. process attach --name xxx --waitfor: attach another process by name.

. process attach --pid xxx: attach another process by pid #xxx.

c. Thread operation

- . thread list: show all thread of current process.
- . thread select 2: select thread #2.
- . thread backtrace all: show thread info.
- . register read: read all CPU registers.
- . thread step-inst: step one machine instruction.
- . thread step-over-inst: step return one machine instruction.

d. Watchpoint operation

- . watch list -v: list watchpoints.
- . watchpoint set variable x: add a watchpoint x.

e. Frame operation

- . frame list: print all frame of the current thread.
- . frame select 9: select frame #9.

f. Display variable value

. frame variable x: print x value.

Tips: Run to (run to meet a breakpoint), the source file that you want debugger stopped in it must already opened and has at least one breakpoint before run the command.

Modify the C and C++ debugger

You can directly modify the script client of lldb to satisfy your requirements.

mruby Debugger

The mruby debugger of Speare code editor is a patched version of <u>mruby</u> (<u>http://mruby.org</u>) that support remote debugging mruby project, currently support mruby version 2.0.1 and 2.1.0.

1. Install mruby debugging server

Download mruby remote debugger: $\rightarrow http://sevenuc.com/download/mruby_debugger.tar.gz$ (733KB)

Download mruby-2.0.1.tar.gz (518KB) or mruby-2.1.0.tar.gz (585KB) from <u>https://github.com/mruby/mruby</u>

\$ cd mruby-2.0.1 or mruby-2.1.0

\$ make

compile mruby and replace mrdb under bin directory with the corresponding version.

\$ cd bin

\$./mrdb : start the mruby remote debugger.

2. Configuring Speare code editor

Launch Speare and open the Preferences of Speare and select the tab of "**Debug Settings**" then check on "**Enable mruby debugging**". Please remember to turn the option off when you switched to debug common Ruby applications.

3. Debug Session Start

Click "**Start**" button on the debug toolbar of Speare code editor. Add breakpoint, step in, step out, step next, watch stack trace ...

Tips: Separate modules of your app with mruby gems instead of using require.

Ruby Debugger

The Ruby debugger of Speare code editor implemented as a client of rdebug-ide, and Ruby interpreter that has a rdebug-ide installed will be running as the debug server.

Ruby debugging environment support all kinds of Ruby interpreters, the version includes: 1.8.x, 1.9.x, 2.x, and JRuby.

Steps of start debugging session:

1. Download and install debug gems

For Ruby 1.8.x: download: ruby-debug-base (0.10.4) \$ gem install --force --local ruby-debug-base-0.10.4.gem \$ gem install ruby-debug-ide

For Ruby 1.9.x: download: ruby-debug-base19 (0.11.25) \$ gem install --force --local ruby-debug-base19x-0.11.32.gem \$ gem install ruby-debug-ide

For Ruby 2.x: \$ gem install debase \$ gem install ruby-debug-ide

2. Start the debug server

\$ rdebug-ide --host 127.0.0.1 --port 1234 --dispatcher-port 1234 -main.rb (Note: Please replace the main.rb file with your script file.)

For Ruby on Rails: \$ rdebug-ide --host 0.0.0.0 --port 1234 --dispatcher-port 1234 -bin/rails s

3. Debug session start

Click "Start" button on the debug toolbar of Speare code editor. Add breakpoint, step in, step out, step next, watch stack trace ...

4. Add condition breakpoint

Right click on the breakpoint, on the prompt menu, \rightarrow select "Condition" and then input expression or use empty string to remove the condition, left click outside of the input box to close it and execute the command. e.g. x>5 means: Pause on the breakpoint only if x>5 is true.

5. Run Extra Commands

Right click in the stackview (bottom left side) and then input extra command when the debugging session paused. Left click anywhere outside of the input box to close it and the command will be directly send to the debug server.

a. Variables

. var const object: show constants of object.

. var instance object: show instance variables of object, object can be given by its id or an expression.

. var inspect: reference inspection results in order to save them from the GC.

b. Expression

. p expression: evaluate expression and print its value.

. pp expression: evaluate expression and print its value.

. eval expression: evaluate expression and print its value, alias for p.

. expression_info expression: returns parser-related information for the expression given 'incomplete'=true | false indicates whether expression is a complete ruby expression and can be evaluated without getting syntax errors.

c. Backtrace

. where: display frames.

. bt | backtrace: alias for where.

. up | down [count]: move to higher or lower frame.

. frame [frame-number]: Move the current frame to the specified frame number. (A negative number indicates position from the other end. So 'frame -1' moves to the oldest frame, and 'frame 0' moves to the newest frame.)

d. Jump

Change the next line of code to be executed.

. jump line: jump to line number (absolute).

. jump -line: jump back to line (relative).

. jump +line: jump ahead to line (relative).

e. Thread

. thread list: list all threads.

. thread current: show current thread.

. thread switch <nnn>: switch thread context to nnn.

. thread inspect <nnn>: switch thread context to nnn but don't resume any threads.

. thread resume <nnn>: resume thread nnn.

. thread stop <nnn>: stop thread nnn.

f. Type Set

. set_type <var> <type>: Change the type of <var> to <type>.

g. File Operation

. load file: read and parse file every time instead of require.

. file-filter on | off: enable or disable file filtering.

. include file | dir: adds file or dir to file filter (either remove already excluded or add as included).

. exclude file | dir: exclude file or dir from file filter (either remove already included or add as exclude).

Switch Ruby Interpreter

You can directly switch between any Ruby interpreter or your own version of Ruby and then config it to support rdebug-ide.

Appendix:

Make a fresh Ruby debugging environment.

Step 1. build an openssl library

\$ download https://www.openssl.org/source/openssl-1.0.2t.tar.gz \$ tar -zxvf openssl-1.0.2t.tar.gz \$ cd openssl-1.0.2t \$ export KERNEL_BITS=64 \$./config no-ssl2 no-ssl3 no-shared enable-ec_nistp_64_gcc_128 \ --prefix=/Users/yeung/Public/Rdebug/openssl \ --openssldir=/Users/yeung/Public/Rdebug/openssl \$ make && make install

Step 2. build a ruby interpreter

```
$ download https://cache.ruby-lang.org/pub/ruby/2.1/ruby-
2.1.2.tar.bz2
$ tar -jxvf ruby-2.1.2.tar.bz2
$ export LDFLAGS=-L/Users/yeung/Public/Rdebug/openssl/lib -
lcrypto -lssl
$ export CFLAGS=-I/Users/yeung/Public/Rdebug/openssl/include
$ export
PKG_CONFIG_PATH=/Users/yeung/Public/Rdebug/openssl/pkgconf
ig
$ cd ruby-2.1.2
$ ./configure --prefix=/Users/yeung/Public/Rdebug/2.x/ruby2 \
--with-openssl-dir=/Users/yeung/Public/Rdebug/openssl
Alternative: directly modify Makefile to add openssl library link
```

options LDFLAGS = \$(CFLAGS) -L. -fstack-protector -L/usr/local/lib -L/Users/yeung/Public/Rdebug/openssl -lcrypto –lssl

\$ make && make install

Step 3. install debug gems

\$ download https://rubygems.org/downloads/debaseruby_core_source-0.10.5.gem \$ download https://rubygems.org/downloads/debase-0.2.5.beta1.gem \$ download https://rubygems.org/downloads/ruby-debug-ide-0.7.0.gem \$ export PATH=/Users/yeung/Public/Rdebug/2.x/ruby2/bin:\$PATH \$ gem install --force --local debase-ruby_core_source-0.10.5.gem \$ gem install --force --local debase-0.2.5.beta1.gem \$ gem install --force --local ruby-debug-ide-0.7.0.gem

Step 4. start debugging session

\$ rdebug-ide --host 127.0.0.1 --port 1234 --dispatcher-port 1234 -xxx/xxx/xxx/main.rb

Add breakpoints in Speare code editor.

Click "Start" button on the debug toolbar of Speare code editor. step in, step out, step next ...

Extend Speare Code Editor for Ruby, mruby and Ruby on Rails Debugging

To add some customised scripts to support better Ruby debugging, please download the guide from here: <u>http://sevenuc.com/download/language_extension_protocol.pdf</u>, and following the description in it.

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